Buying an Irish Setter Puppy



What to expect from a Breeder who puts

Health, Welfare and Temperament First

✓ Health Certificates (Both Parents)

✓ Essential Documents

- Signed AWF Puppy Contract
- KC Registration Certificate (if applicable)
- Microchip Registration Certificate
- Temporary Pet Health Insurance
- Vaccination Certificate
- Copies of Health Certificates

A good breeder will

- have socialised and habituated the puppy
- provide a supply of food
- provide a blanket smelling of Mum
- follow the Code of Practice for Dog Breeding

Official Health Schemes

- BVA/KC scheme for hip dysplasia (HD)
- BVA/KC screening for eye disease. DBRG
 recommends that all dogs should be visually
 examined by an ophthalmologist before breeding
 (includes checks for multiple inherited diseases).

DNA tests relevant to breed

- CLAD Canine Leucocyte Adhesion Deficiency
- PRA Progressive Retinal Atrophy

Some laboratories offer DNA tests for other rare inherited diseases in Irish Setters







Brief explanations and other diseases that may be more common in the breed – if in doubt then consult your vet for guidance

Official Health Schemes

Hip dysplasia - abnormal formation of the hip joint - pain and lameness **The BVA/KC eye testing scheme** checks for many inherited abnormalities that can cause progressive blindness or pain

DNA tests relevant to breed

CLAD – Canine Leucocyte Adhesion Deficiency – abnormal white blood cells that cannot fight infection

PRA - Progressive Retinal Atrophy - gradual blindness

Other Diseases - no current health scheme or DNA test available

GDV - Gastro dilatation/volvulus ('bloat') - stomach fills with air and twists, can be fatal **Epilepsy** - seizures

Hypothyroidism - underactive thyroid gland, causing weight gain and lethargy

Megaoesophagus – food does not reach the stomach normally, causing breathing problems

