# **Buying a Cavalier King Charles Spaniel Puppy**

What to expect from a Breeder who puts Health, Welfare and Temperament First



### Essential Documents

- Signed AWF Puppy Contract
- KC Registration Certificate (if applicable)
- Microchip Registration Certificate
- Temporary Pet Health Insurance
- Vaccination Certificate
- Copies of Health Certificates

#### A good breeder will

- have socialised and habituated the puppy
- provide a supply of food
- provide a blanket smelling of Mum
- follow the Code of Practice for Dog Breeding

### **✓** Health Certificates (Both Parents)

#### **Official Health Schemes**

- BVA/KC CM/SM screening scheme (Chiari-like malformation/syringomyelia)
- KC/VCS Heart Scheme for MVD (parents and grandparents)
- BVA/KC screening for eye disease; full opthalmological testing before breeding (includes checks for multiple inherited diseases)

#### **DNA tests relevant to breed**

- CC/DE Curly Coat/Dry Eye
- EF Episodic Falling Syndrome
- Degenerative Myelopathy (DM)

#### Other tests

Putnam scoring for patella luxation

Breed Health and Conservation Plan (BHCP) www.thecavalierclub.co.uk www.dbrg.uk/guide-to-buying-a-a-puppy.html



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Brief explanations and other diseases that may be more common in the breed - if in doubt ask your Vet for guidance



#### **Official Health Schemes**

**CM/SM - Chiari-like malformation/syringomyelia -** mismatch in size between brain (too big) and skull (too short) causing pain and neurological signs/pockets of fluid in the spinal cord **MVD - mitral valve disease** - early onset leaking heart valve, can

#### **DNA tests relevant to breed**

cause heart failure

**CC/DE - Curly Coat/ Dry Eye -** Severe and painful condition affecting skin, nails, eyes

**Episodic Falling Syndrome** - Exercise-induced neurological disorder **Degenerative Myelopathy (DM)** - Hind leg weakness/paralysis

#### Other diseases - no current health scheme or DNA test available

**Brachycephaly** (shortened face) - can cause difficulty breathing and cooling

**Ear infections** - more likely in dogs with long, hairy ears

**Epilepsy and other neurological conditions** 

**Luxating patella** - abnormal kneecap causing pain & lameness

**Pancreatitis** (inflammation of the pancreas) - can become acute and painful

